



Product Name:

Supplier:

MSDS Status: 0

Obsolete Date: n/a

This Product is no longer provided by the manufacturer – as such, it has been marked as obsolete.

If you still have this Product you may need to take some action regarding it:

- if you no longer have this Product and would like the MSDS deleted from your msdsBinders system, please use the [Delete MSDS](#) form (Available to Client Administrators).
- if you have an alternate Product for which you do not have an MSDS, you can search the msdsBinders Library and submit a request for the Product.



**Section 1: IDENTIFICATION**

**Product Name:** Bunker Fuel 8020 PG  
**Synonyms:** 0386.  
**Product Use:** Motor fuel. Heating fuel.  
**Restrictions on Use:** Not available.  
**Manufacturer/Supplier:** Husky Oil Marketing Company  
PO Box 6525 Station 'D'  
Calgary, Alberta T2P 3G7  
**Phone Number:** 403-298-6111  
**Emergency Phone:** 403-262-2111  
**Date of Preparation of SDS:** March 19, 2015

**Section 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION**

**GHS INFORMATION**

**Classification:** Flammable Liquids, Category 3  
Skin Irritation, Category 2  
Carcinogenicity, Category 1B  
Toxic to Reproduction, Category 2  
Aspiration Hazard, Category 1

**LABEL ELEMENTS**

**Hazard**

**Pictogram(s):**



**Signal Word:** Danger

**Hazard** Flammable liquid and vapor.

**Statements:** Causes skin irritation.  
May cause cancer.  
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Precautionary Statements**

**Prevention:** Obtain special instructions before use.  
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. – No smoking.  
Keep container tightly closed.  
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.  
Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.  
Use only non-sparking tools.  
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.  
Wash thoroughly after handling.  
Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.



**Response:** If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor.  
 If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.  
 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.  
 Do NOT induce vomiting.  
 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
 In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam to extinguish.

**Storage:** Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.  
 Store locked up.

**Disposal:** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

**Hazards Not Otherwise Classified:** Not applicable.

**Ingredients with Unknown Toxicity:** 10.1% of this product mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Section 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Hazardous Ingredient(s)	Common name / Synonyms	CAS No.	% wt./wt.
Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked	Syntower bottoms	64741-62-4	60 - 100
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	Not available.	64742-46-7	10 - 30
Sulfur	Sulphur	7704-34-9	1 - 5
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Not available.	130498-29-2	variable
Benzene, dimethyl-	Xylene	1330-20-7	variable
Hydrogen sulfide (H2S)	Hydrogen sulphide	7783-06-4	Trace

**Section 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES**

**Inhalation:** If inhaled: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.

**Acute and delayed symptoms and effects:** May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. Excessive inhalation may cause headache, dizziness, confusion, loss of appetite and/or loss of consciousness. This product may contain small amounts of Hydrogen sulphide which may accumulate in confined spaces. Inhalation of Hydrogen sulphide may cause loss of sense of smell, major irritation of the respiratory tract, headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, and fluid buildup in the lungs (pulmonary edema), which can be fatal. At 300 ppm unconsciousness may occur after 20 minutes. From 300 to 500 ppm, death can occur within 1 to 4 hours of continuous exposure. At 500 ppm the respiratory system is paralyzed, the victim collapses almost



instantaneously, and death can occur after exposure of only 30 to 60 minutes. Above 500 ppm Hydrogen sulphide may cause immediate loss of consciousness; death is rapid, and possibly immediate.

**Eye Contact:** If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.

**Acute and delayed symptoms and effects:** May cause eye irritation. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

**Skin Contact:** If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Acute and delayed symptoms and effects:** Causes skin irritation. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching. Exposure to Syntower bottoms may cause a phototoxicity reaction: liquid or mist on the skin may produce a painful sunburn reaction when exposed to sunlight.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed: Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a poison center or doctor. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Acute and delayed symptoms and effects:** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause gastrointestinal irritation. Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

**General Advice:** In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label or SDS where possible).

**Note to Physicians:** Symptoms may not appear immediately. For inhalation of Hydrogen Sulphide, consider oxygen.

### Section 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### FLAMMABILITY AND EXPLOSION INFORMATION

Flammable liquid and vapor. Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Containers may explode when heated. Many liquids are lighter than water. When heated, this material may evolve toxic and flammable Hydrogen sulphide.

If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.

Fire involving Tanks or Car/Trailer Loads: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire. For massive fire, use



unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn.

**Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact:** This material is not sensitive to mechanical impact.  
**Sensitivity to Static Discharge:** Take precautionary measures against static discharge. This material is sensitive to static discharge.

**MEANS OF EXTINCTION**

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:** Small Fire: Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.  
Large Fire: Water spray, fog or regular foam. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:** Do not use straight streams. CAUTION: All these products have a very low flash point: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

**Products of Combustion:** Oxides of carbon. Oxides of sulphur.

**Protection of Firefighters:** Inhalation or contact with material may irritate or burn skin and eyes. Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation. Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution. Hydrogen sulphide is heavier than air and may collect in low lying areas and confined spaces. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

**Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**Emergency Procedures:** As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.

**Personal Precautions:** Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Don full-face, positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus.

**Environmental Precautions:** Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

**Methods for Containment:** Stop leak if you can do it without risk. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors.

**Methods for Clean-Up:** Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.

**Other Information:** See Section 13 for disposal considerations.

**Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE****Handling:**

Do not swallow. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. – No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wash thoroughly after handling. See Section 8 for information on Personal Protective Equipment.

**Storage:**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up. Store away from incompatible materials. See Section 10 for information on Incompatible Materials. Keep out of the reach of children. Head spaces in storage containers may contain toxic Hydrogen sulphide gas. Head spaces in storage containers may contain toxic hydrogen sulphide gas. Structural materials and lighting and ventilation systems should be corrosion resistant.

**Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION****Exposure Guidelines****Component**

Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked [CAS No. 64741-62-4]

**ACGIH:** A2; Exposure by all routes should be carefully controlled to levels as low as possible (2009); For Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids; Poorly and mildly refined

**OSHA:** 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (TWA); For Oil mist, mineral.

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle [CAS No. 64742-46-7]

**ACGIH:** A2; Exposure by all routes should be carefully controlled to levels as low as possible (2009); For Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids; Poorly and mildly refined

**OSHA:** 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (TWA); For Oil mist, mineral.

Sulphur [CAS No. 7704-34-9]

**ACGIH:** 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (TWA) (Inhalable.); 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (TWA) (Respirable.); For Particles (Insoluble or Poorly Soluble) Not Otherwise Specified

**OSHA:** 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (Total dust) (TWA), 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (Respirable fraction) (TWA); For Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR).

Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons [CAS No. 130498-29-2]

**ACGIH:** A2; BEI; Exposure by all routes should be carefully controlled to levels as low as possible (1990); For Benz[a]anthracene

**OSHA:** 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (TWA); For benzene-soluble fraction.

Xylene [CAS No. 1330-20-7]

**ACGIH:** 100 ppm (TWA); 150 ppm (STEL); A4; BEI (1992)

**OSHA:** 100 ppm (TWA), 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (TWA);  
150 ppm (STEL) [Vacated]



Hydrogen sulphide [CAS No. 7783-06-4]

**ACGIH:** 1 ppm (TWA); 5 ppm (STEL); (2009);

**OSHA:** 20 ppm (C); 50 ppm (Peak) (Maximum duration: 10 mins. once only if no other meas. exp. occurs.)

10 ppm (TWA); 15 ppm (STEL) [Vacated];

**TWA:** Time-Weighted Average

**STEL:** Short-Term Exposure Limit

**C:** Ceiling

**Engineering Controls:**

Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapour, gas, etc.) below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)**



**Eye/Face Protection:**

Wear safety glasses. Use equipment for eye protection that meets the standards referenced by CSA Standard CAN/CSA-Z94.3-92 and OSHA regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 for Personal Protective Equipment.

**Hand Protection:**

Wear protective gloves. Consult manufacturer specifications for further information.

**Skin and Body Protection:**

Wear protective clothing. Flame resistant clothing that meets the NFPA 2112 and CAN/CGSB 155.20 standards is recommended in areas where material is stored or handled.

**Respiratory Protection:**

If engineering controls and ventilation are not sufficient to control exposure to below the allowable limits then an appropriate NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator that meets the requirements of CSA Standard CAN/CSA-Z94.4-11, with organic vapor cartridge, or self-contained breathing apparatus must be used. Supplied air breathing apparatus must be used when oxygen concentrations are low or if airborne concentrations exceed the limits of the air-purifying respirators.

**General Hygiene Considerations:**

Handle according to established industrial hygiene and safety practices. Consult a competent industrial hygienist to determine hazard potential and/or the PPE manufacturers to ensure adequate protection.



**Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

<b>Appearance:</b>	Black/brown liquid.
<b>Colour:</b>	Black/brown.
<b>Odour:</b>	Petroleum.
<b>Odour Threshold:</b>	Not available.
<b>Physical State:</b>	Liquid.
<b>pH:</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting Point / Freezing Point:</b>	Not available.
<b>Initial Boiling Point:</b>	168 °C (334.4 °F)
<b>Boiling Range:</b>	168 to 170 °C (334.4 to 338 °F)
<b>Flash Point:</b>	40 to 70 °C (104 to 158 °F) (PMCC)
<b>Evaporation Rate:</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas):</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Lower Flammability Limit:</b>	Not available.
<b>Upper Flammability Limit:</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor Pressure:</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor Density:</b>	Not available.
<b>Relative Density:</b>	0.990 to 0.999 (Water = 1)
<b>Solubilities:</b>	Insoluble in water.
<b>Partition Coefficient: n-Octanol/Water:</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition Temperature:</b>	Not available.
<b>Decomposition Temperature:</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity:</b>	Not available.
<b>Percent Volatile, wt. %:</b>	Not available.
<b>VOC content, wt. %:</b>	Not available.
<b>Density:</b>	Not available.
<b>Coefficient of Water/Oil Distribution:</b>	Not available.





**Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**Reactivity:** Contact with incompatible materials. Sources of ignition. Exposure to heat.

**Chemical Stability:** Stable under normal storage conditions.

**Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** None known.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Contact with incompatible materials. Sources of ignition. Exposure to heat.

**Incompatible Materials:** Acids. Bases. Oxidizers.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Not available.

**Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**EFFECTS OF ACUTE EXPOSURE**

**Product Toxicity**

**Oral:** Not available.

**Dermal:** Not available.

**Inhalation:** Not available.

**Component Toxicity**

Component	CAS No.	LD <sub>50</sub> oral	LD <sub>50</sub> dermal	LC <sub>50</sub>
Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked	64741-62-4	4300 mg/kg (rat)	Not available.	Not available.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Sulphur	7704-34-9	> 8437 mg/kg (rat)	Not available.	Not available.
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	130498-29-2	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Xylene	1330-20-7	4300 mg/kg (rat)	> 1700 mg/kg (rabbit)	5000 ppm (rat); 4H
Hydrogen sulphide	7783-06-4	Not available.	Not available.	444 ppm (rat); 4H

**Likely Routes of Exposure:** Eye contact. Skin contact. Inhalation. Ingestion. Skin absorption.

**Target Organs:** Skin. Eyes. Gastrointestinal tract. Respiratory system. Lungs. Blood. Cardiovascular system. Bone marrow. Liver. Central nervous system.

**Symptoms (including delayed and immediate effects)**

**Inhalation:** May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. Excessive inhalation may cause headache, dizziness, confusion, loss of appetite and/or loss of consciousness. This product may contain small amounts of Hydrogen sulphide which may accumulate in confined spaces. Inhalation of Hydrogen sulphide may



cause loss of sense of smell, major irritation of the respiratory tract, headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, and fluid buildup in the lungs (pulmonary edema), which can be fatal. At 300 ppm unconsciousness may occur after 20 minutes. From 300 to 500 ppm, death can occur within 1 to 4 hours of continuous exposure. At 500 ppm the respiratory system is paralyzed, the victim collapses almost instantaneously, and death can occur after exposure of only 30 to 60 minutes. Above 500 ppm Hydrogen sulphide may cause immediate loss of consciousness; death is rapid, and possibly immediate.

**Eye:** May cause eye irritation. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

**Skin:** Causes skin irritation. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching. Exposure to Syntower bottoms may cause a phototoxicity reaction: liquid or mist on the skin may produce a painful sunburn reaction when exposed to sunlight.

**Ingestion:** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause gastrointestinal irritation. Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

**Skin Sensitization:** Not available.

**Respiratory Sensitization:** Not available.

**Medical Conditions** Not available.

**Aggravated By Exposure:**

**EFFECTS OF CHRONIC EXPOSURE (from short and long-term exposure)**

**Target Organs:** Skin. Eyes. Gastrointestinal tract. Respiratory system. Lungs. Blood. Cardiovascular system. Bone marrow. Liver. Kidneys. Central nervous system.

**Chronic Effects:** Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. This product contains Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons. Prolonged contact with these compounds has been associated with the induction of skin and lung tumours, anemia, disorders of the liver, bone marrow and lymphoid tissues. Xylene can damage bone marrow thus causing anemia, and can also damage the liver and kidneys, as well as the central and peripheral nervous systems. Repeated exposure of the eyes to high concentrations of Xylenes vapour may cause reversible eye damage. Chronic inhalation exposure to xylene causes mid-frequency hearing loss in laboratory animals. Xylene reacts synergistically with n-hexane to enhance hearing loss. Hydrogen sulphide may reduce lung function; cause neurological effects such as headaches, nausea, depression and personality changes; eye and mucous membrane irritation; and damage to cardiovascular system.

**Carcinogenicity:** May cause cancer. This material contains



**Component Carcinogenicity**

Component	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA	Prop 65
Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked	A2	Group 1	List 1	OSHA Carcinogen.	Listed.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	A2	Group 1	List 1	Not listed.	Listed.
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	A2	Not listed.	List 2	OSHA Carcinogen.	Listed.
Xylene	A4	Group 3	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.

**Mutagenicity:** Not available.

**Reproductive Effects:** Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**Developmental Effects**

**Teratogenicity:** Not available.

**Embryotoxicity:** Possible risk of harm to the unborn child. Exposure to xylene has produced fetotoxic effects in animal studies.

**Toxicologically Synergistic Materials:** Xylene reacts synergistically with n-hexane to enhance hearing loss.

**Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity:** Not available.

**Persistence / Degradability:** Not available.

**Bioaccumulation / Accumulation:** Not available.

**Mobility in Environment:** Not available.

**Other Adverse Effects:** Not available.

**Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal Instructions:** Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

**Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)**

**Proper Shipping Name:** UN1202, GAS OIL, 3, PG III

**Class:** 3

**UN Number:** UN1202

**Packing Group:** III

**Label Code:**





**Husky Energy**

SAFETY DATA SHEET / MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Bunker Fuel 8020 PG**

Date of Preparation: March 19, 2015

**Canada Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG)**

**Proper Shipping Name:** UN1202, GAS OIL, 3, PG III

**Class:** 3

**UN Number:** UN1202

**Packing Group:** III

**Label Code:**



**Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**Chemical Inventories**

**US (TSCA)**

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

**Canada (DSL)**

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of the NSN Regulations under CEPA, 1999.

**Federal Regulations**

**Canada**

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

**WHMIS Classification:** Class B3 - Combustible Liquids.  
Class D2A - Carcinogenicity.  
Class D2A - Embryotoxicity.  
Class D2B - Skin irritant.

**Hazard Symbols:**



**United States**

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

**SARA Title III**

Component	Section 302 (EHS) TPQ (lbs.)	Section 304 EHS RQ (lbs.)	CERCLA RQ (lbs.)	Section 313	RCRA CODE	CAA 112(r) TQ (lbs.)
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	313	Not listed.	Not listed.
Xylene	Not listed.	Not listed.	100	313	U239	Not listed.
Hydrogen sulphide	500	100	100	313	U135	10000



**State Regulations**

**Massachusetts**

US Massachusetts Commonwealth's Right-to-Know Law (Appendix A to 105 Code of Massachusetts Regulations Section 670.000)

<b>Component</b>	<b>CAS No.</b>	<b>RTK List</b>
Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked	64741-62-4	Listed.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7	Listed.
Sulphur	7704-34-9	Listed.
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	130498-29-2	Listed.
Xylene	1330-20-7	Listed.
Hydrogen sulphide	7783-06-4	E

**Note:** E = Extraordinarily Hazardous Substance

**New Jersey**

US New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act (New Jersey Statute Annotated Section 34:5A-5)

<b>Component</b>	<b>CAS No.</b>	<b>RTK List</b>
Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked	64741-62-4	SHHS
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7	SHHS
Sulphur	7704-34-9	Listed.
Xylene	1330-20-7	SHHS
Hydrogen sulphide	7783-06-4	SHHS

**Note:** SHHS = Special Health Hazard Substance

**Pennsylvania**

US Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law (34 Pa. Code Chap. 301-323)

<b>Component</b>	<b>CAS No.</b>	<b>RTK List</b>
Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked	64741-62-4	S
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7	S
Sulphur	7704-34-9	Listed.
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	130498-29-2	Listed.
Xylene	1330-20-7	E
Hydrogen sulphide	7783-06-4	E

**Note:** E = Environmental Hazard; S = Special Hazardous Substance

**California**

**California Prop 65:** WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

<b>Component</b>	<b>Type of Toxicity</b>
Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked	cancer
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	cancer
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	cancer



**Husky Energy**

SAFETY DATA SHEET / MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Bunker Fuel 8020 PG**

Date of Preparation: March 19, 2015

**Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

**Disclaimer:**

The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitability and completeness of this information for his own particular use.

**Date of Preparation of SDS:** March 19, 2015  
**SDS Expiry Date (Canada):** March 18, 2018  
**Version:** 2.0  
**GHS SDS Prepared by:** **Deerfoot Consulting Inc.**  
**Phone: (403) 720-3700**